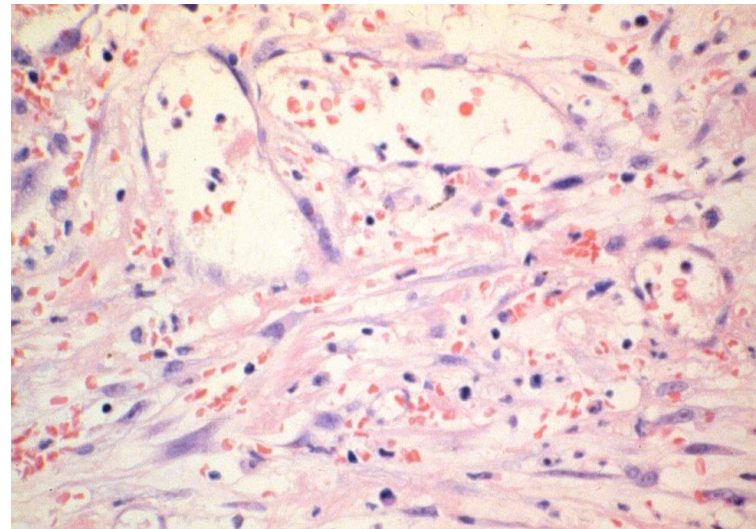


REPAIR

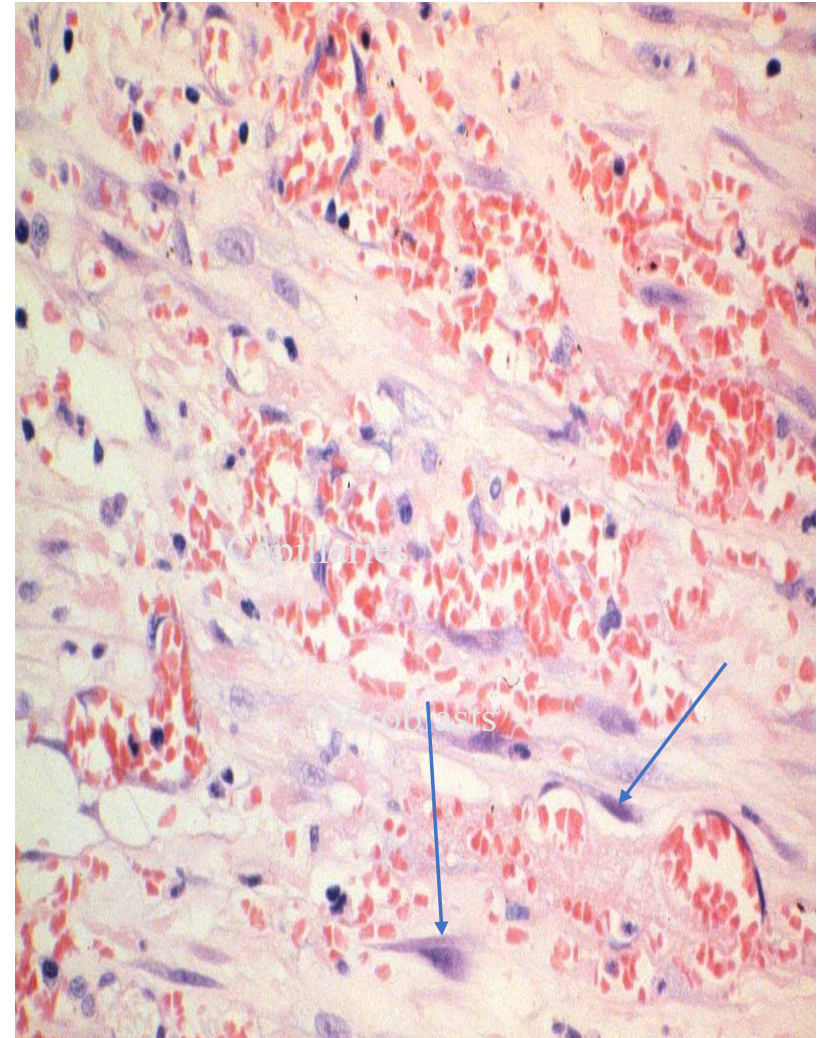
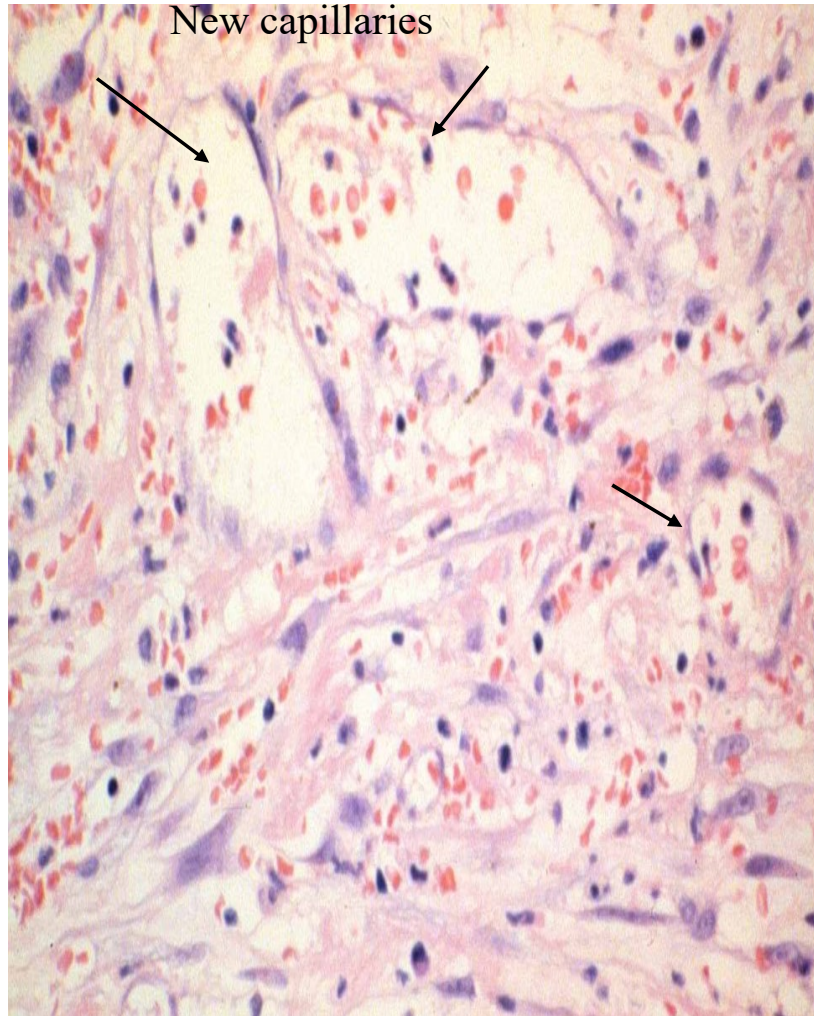
- An injured limb
- The wound shows a red, moist tissue which oozes exudate.
- Granulation tissue.



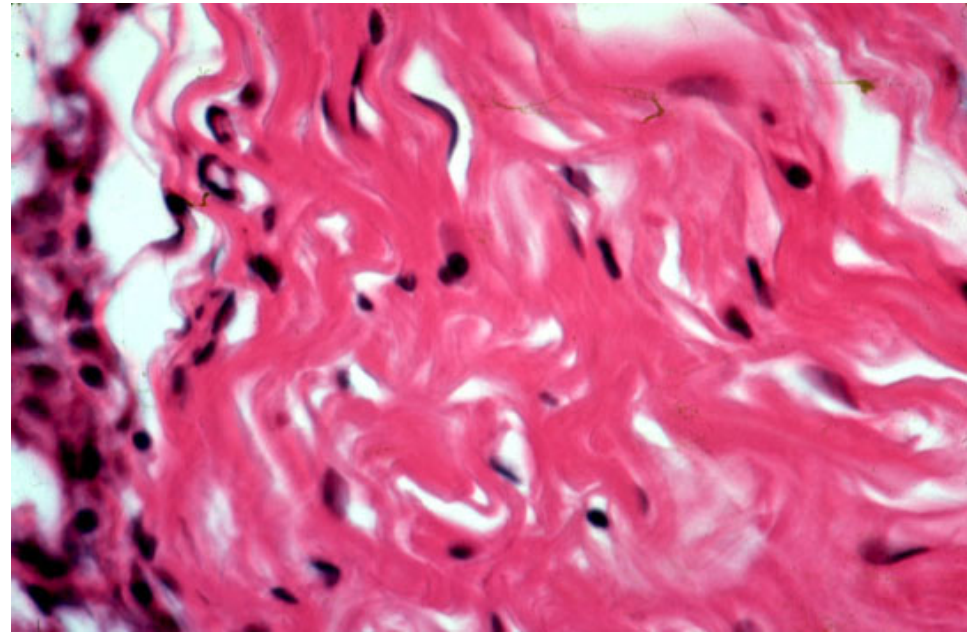
- Soft tissue
- The tissue shows:
 - ✓ Many thin walled capillaries
 - ✓ Inflammatory cells
 - ✓ Many fibroblasts with few collagen bundles
- Granulation tissue.



Granulation Tissue



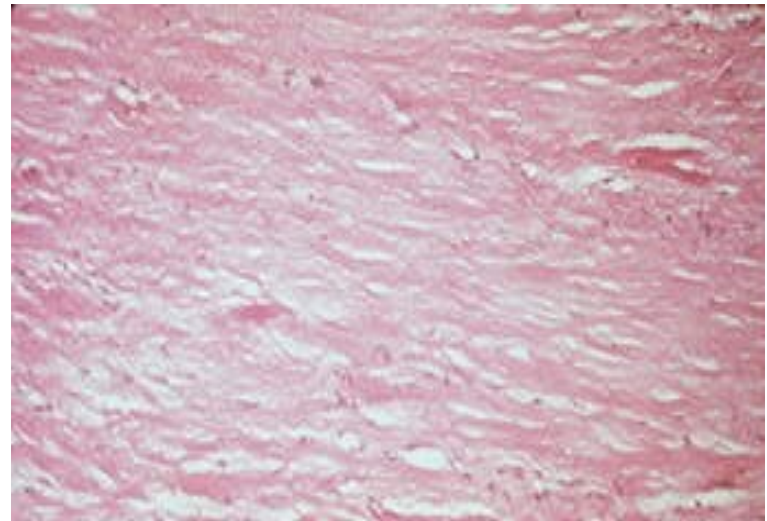
- Soft tissue
- The tissue shows:
 - ✓ Very few fibroblasts
 - ✓ Occasional capillaries
 - ✓ Many collagen bundles.
- Fibrous tissue

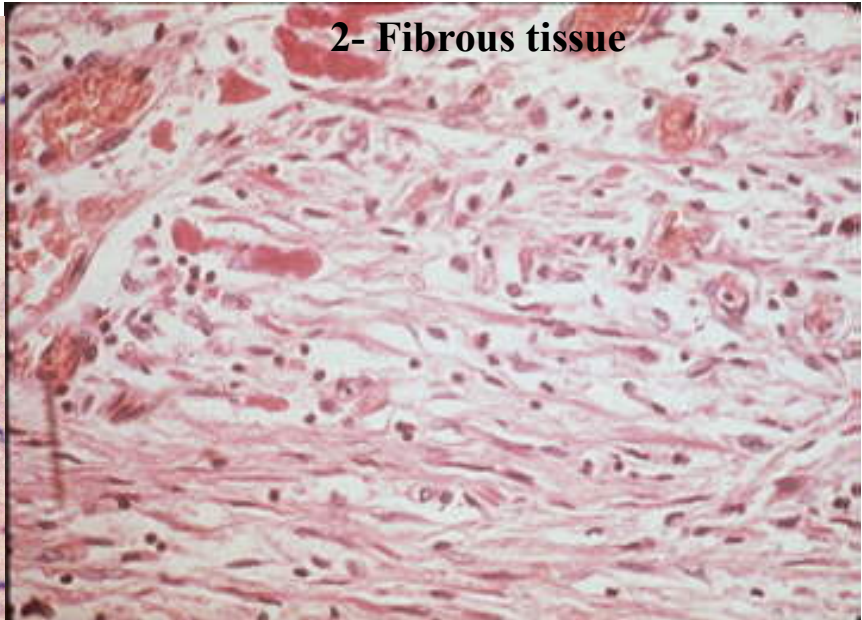
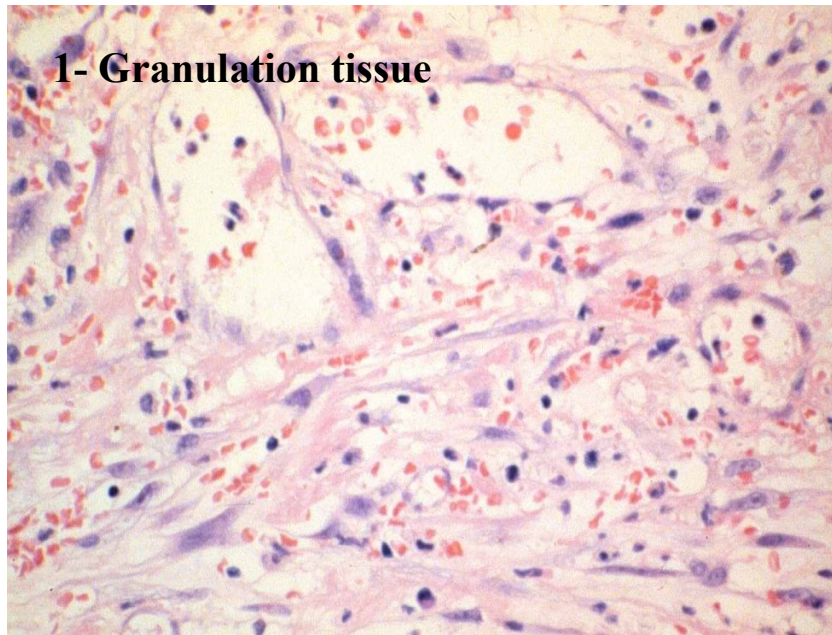


Fibrous tissue



- Soft tissue
- The tissue is replaced by:
 - ✓ Collagen bundles only.
 - ✓ No capillaries.
 - ✓ No fibroblasts
- Scar

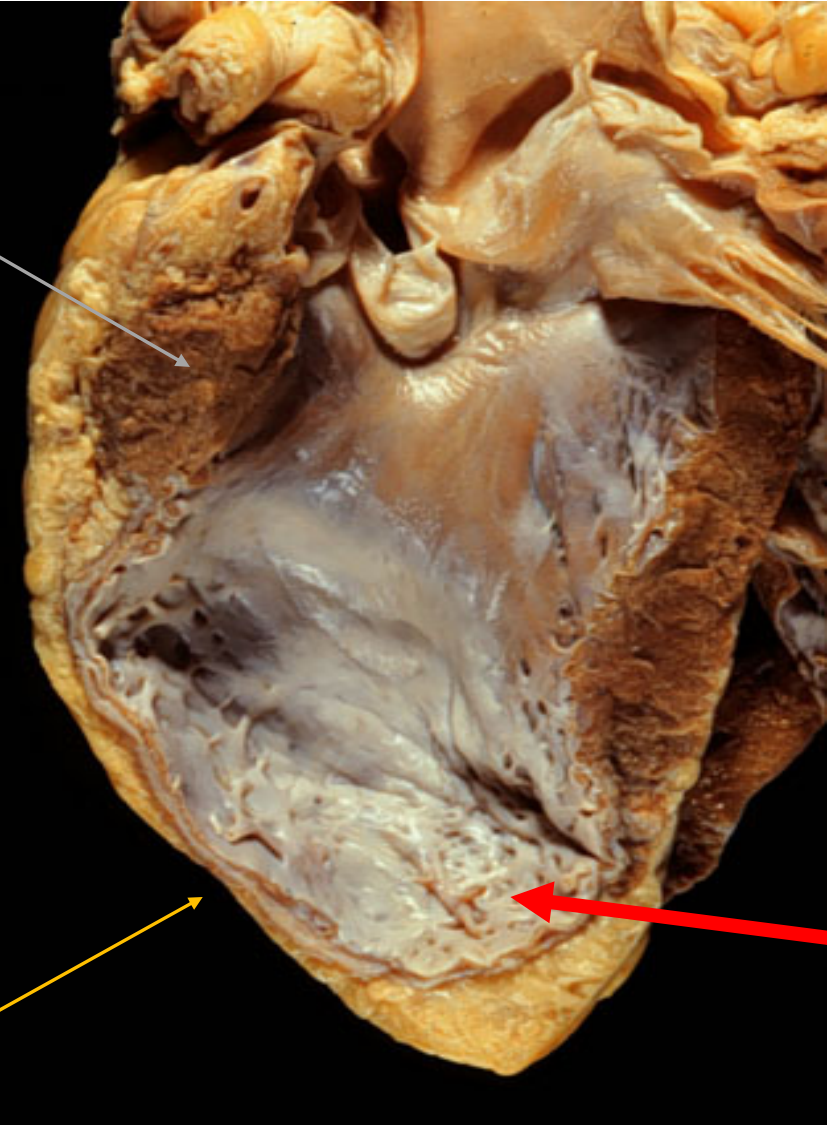




- Heart
- The myocardium thickness is reduced. The myocardium is replaced by grey white firm fibrous tissue. The endocardium shows subendocardial fibrosis. The pericardium is dull thick opaque and greyish white.
- Myocardial scar

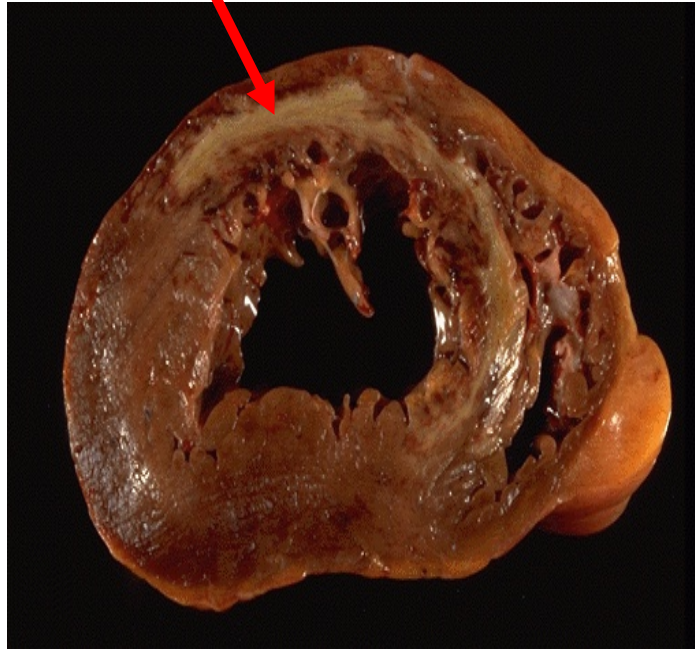


Normal muscle



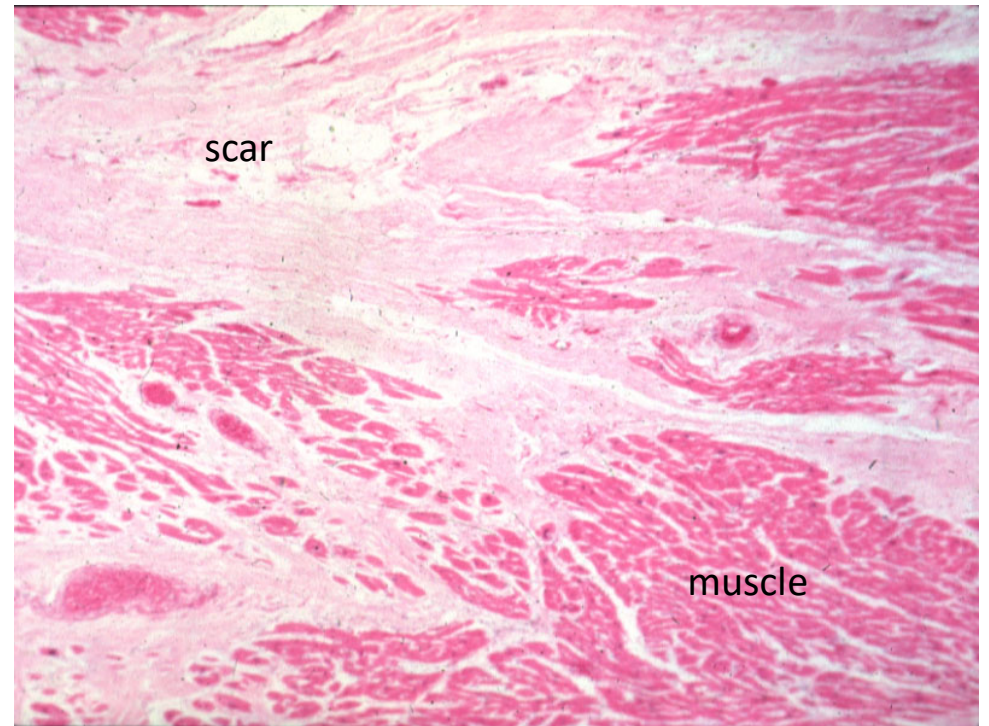
Thinned out wall

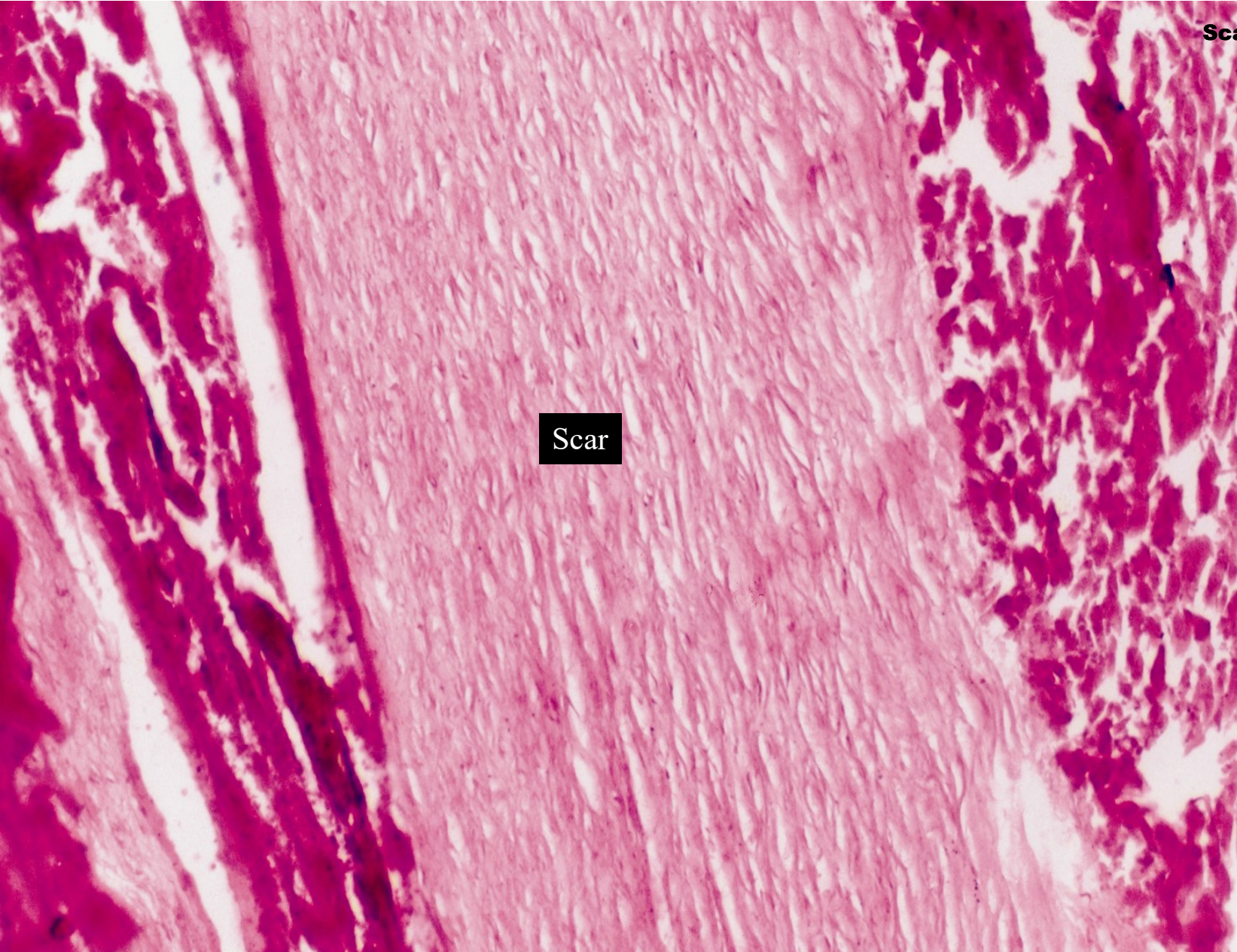
Scar



Scar

- Myocardium
- Large area of myocardial tissue is replaced by scar formed of collagen bundles only.
- Myocardial scar



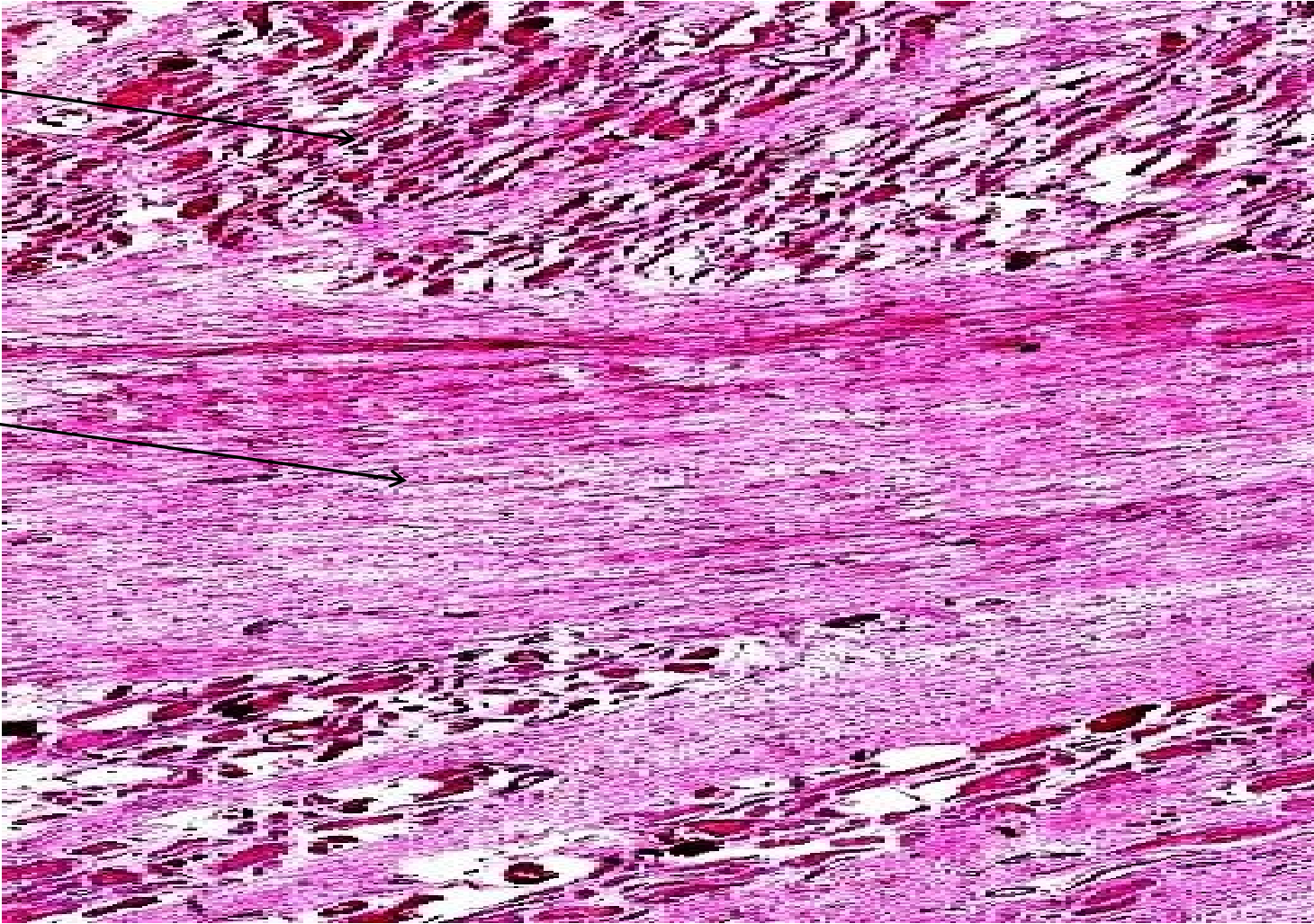


Scar

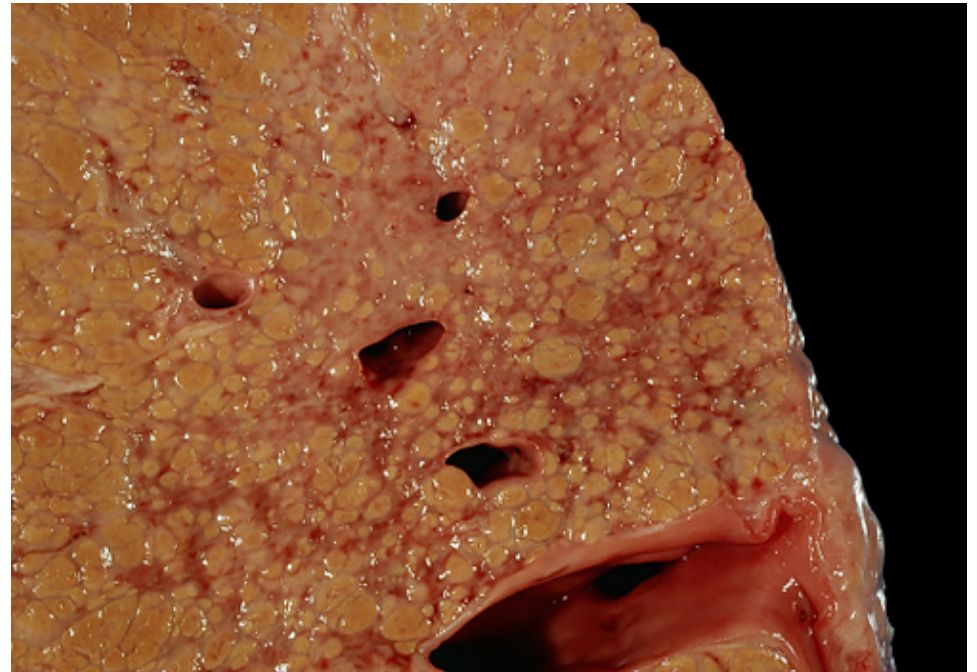
Scar

myocardium

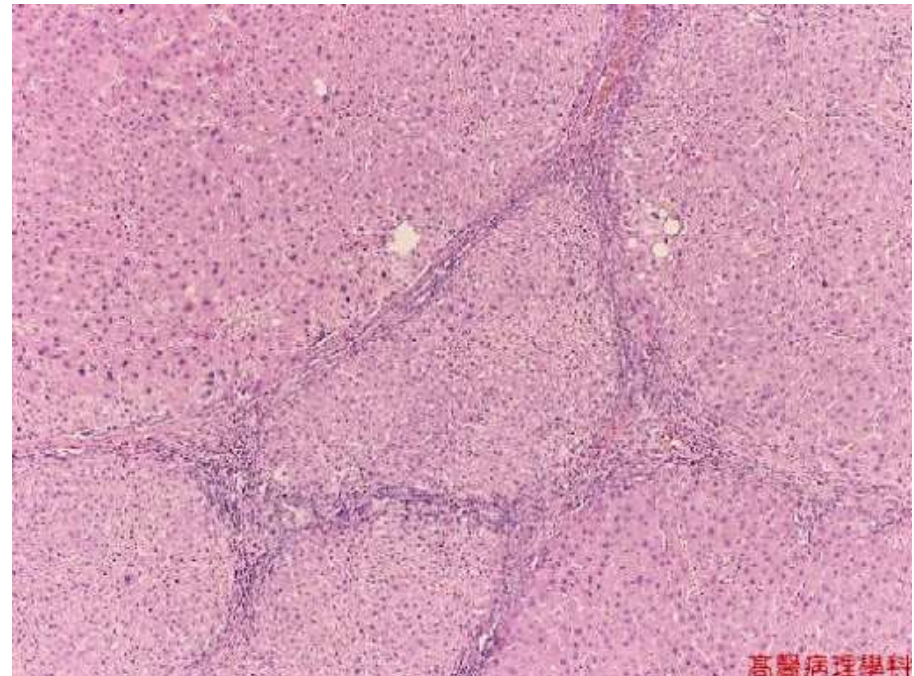
scar

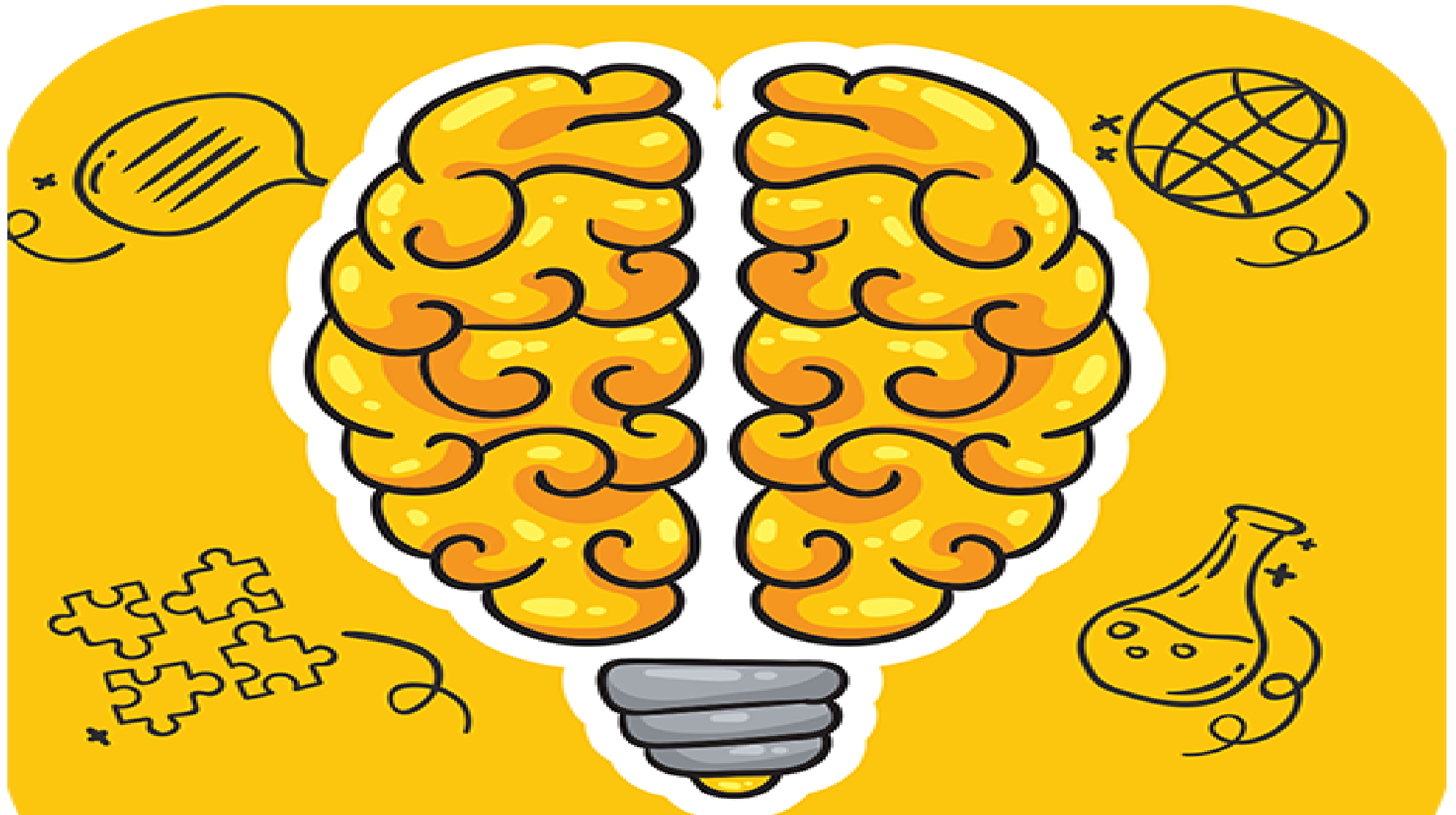


- Liver
- The outer surface of liver as well as cut section show variable sized regeneration nodules surrounded by fibrous tissue.
- Hepatic cirrhosis



- Liver
- Section in liver showing variable sized nodules formed of regenerated hepatocytes with irregular sinusoids and absent or eccentric central vein, surrounded by fibrous tissue.
- Hepatic cirrhosis





Test yourself

