# Benign tumors

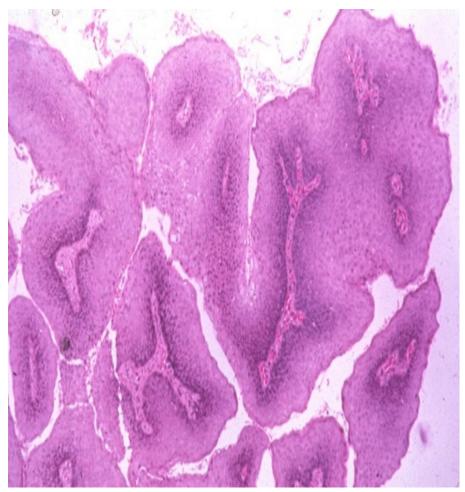
- 1. EPITHELIAL
- 2. MESENCHYMAL
- 3. OTHERS

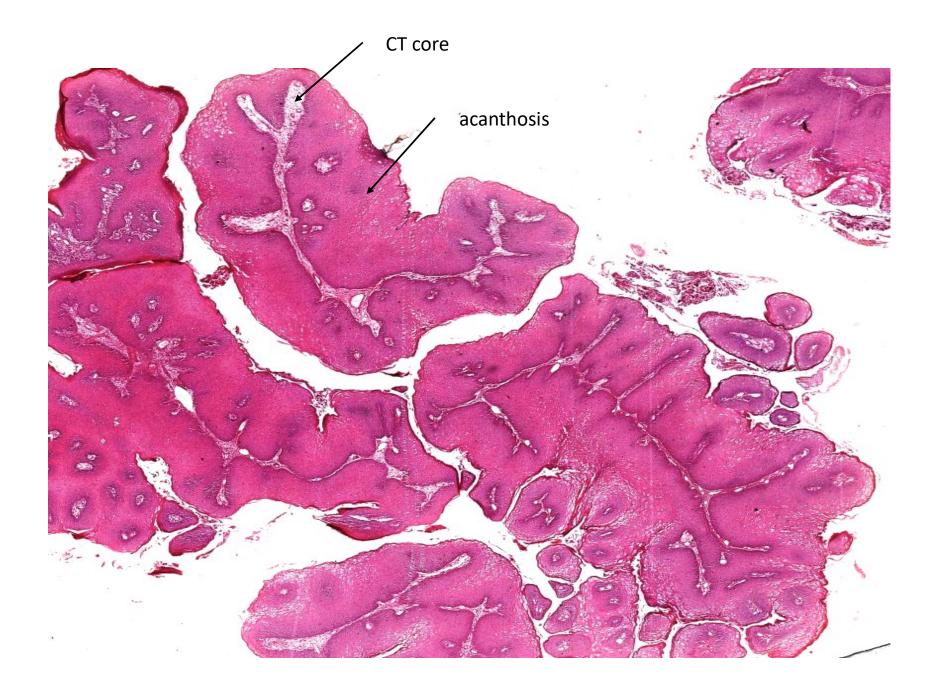
## 1- BENIGN EPITHELIAL TUMORS

- Skin
- The skin surface shows finger like projections covered by skin.
- Squamous cell papilloma

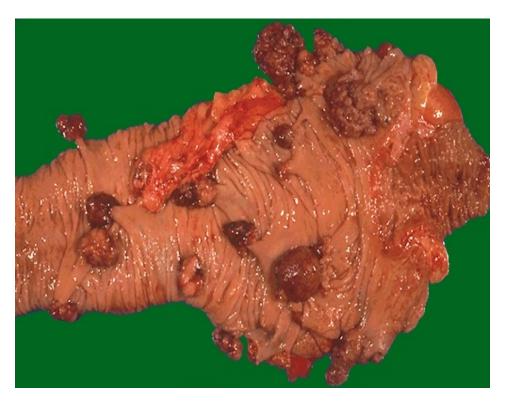


- Skin
- Skin shows finger like projections formed of vascular connective tissue core covered by multiple layers of hyperplastic benign squamous cells, acanthosis with hyperkeratinization.
- Squamous cell papilloma

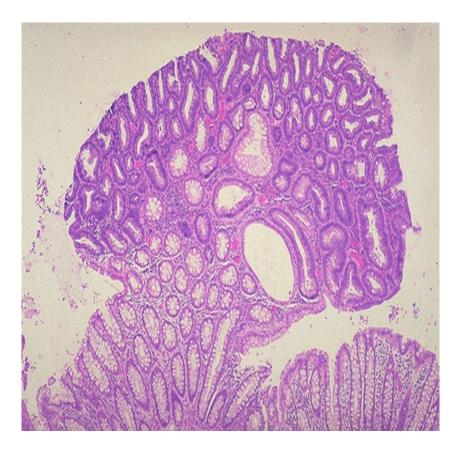




- Colon
- The colon shows multiple sessile and pedunculated mucosal polyps.
- Adenomatous polyp colon.



- Colon
- The mucosa shows a polypoid structure formed of hyperplastic glands separated by fibrous stroma.
- Note that the glands are crowded on top and appear darker in colour than the others due to the presence of dysplasia
- Adenomatous polyp colon.

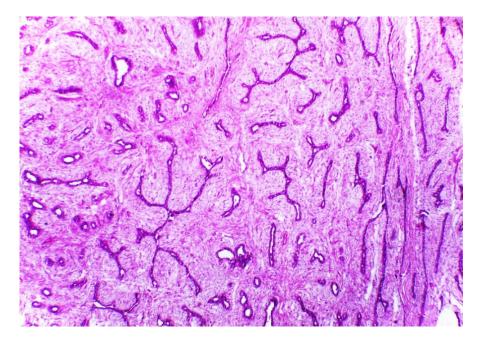


- Breast mass
- Breast shows a well defined capsulated mass with firm greyish c/s.
- Fibroadenoma, breast

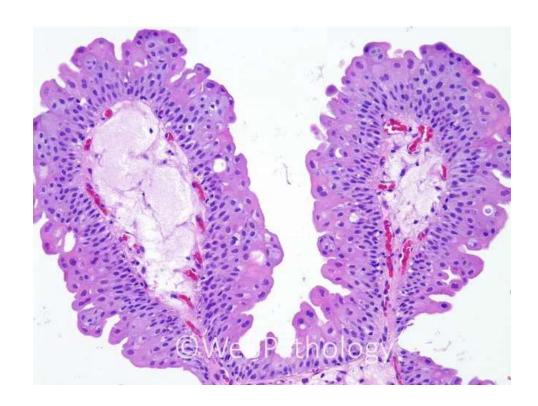


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- Breast mass
- A tumor formed of hyperplastic ducts and acini lined by benign cuboidal to columnar cells separated by <u>excess</u> fibrous stroma.
- Fibroadenoma, breast.



- Urinary bladder.
- The urinary bladder surface shows delicate finger like projections formed of vascular connective tissue core covered by few layers of regular transitional cells.
- Urothelial (transitional cell) papilloma



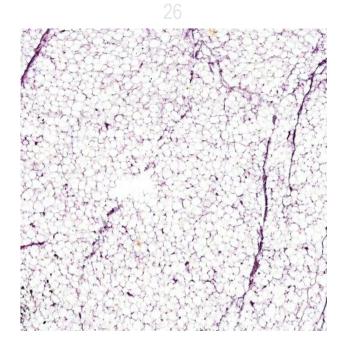
### 2- BENIGN MESENCHYMAL TUMORS

- Soft tissue mass
- The mass is well defined, capsulated with lobulated, soft yellow greasy C/S.
- Lipoma

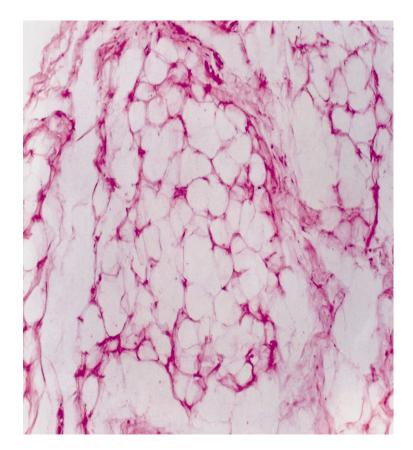


capsule

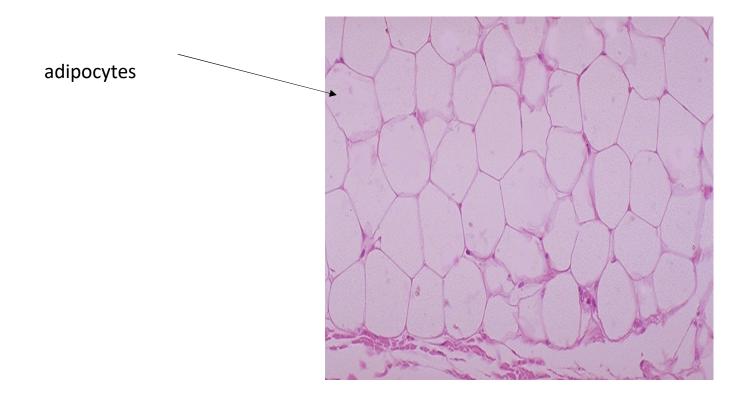
- Soft tissue mass
- The mass is formed of lobules of mature fat cells (adipocytes) separated by fibrous septa.
- Lipoma



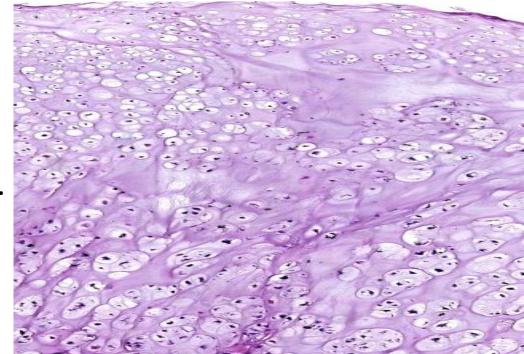
#### Lipoma

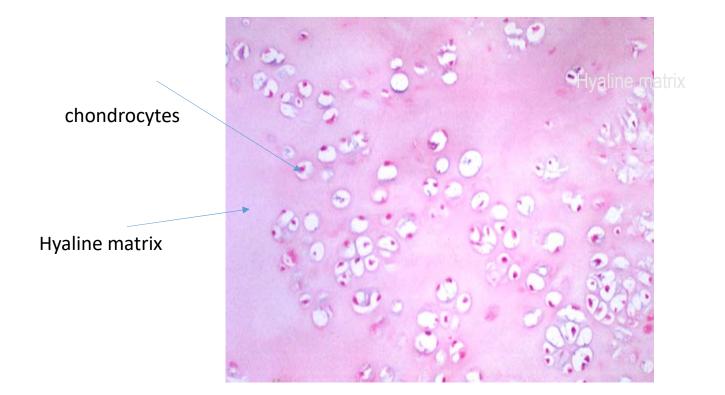


#### Lipoma



- Tumor
- A tumor formed of lobules of mature chondrocytes lying in lacunae within hyaline matrix.
- Chondroma

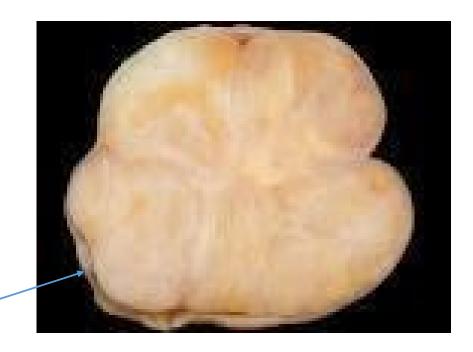




- Uterus
- The uterus shows multiple well defined non capsulated mass with firm whorly grey white C/S.
- Uterine leiomyoma (fibroid)



- Mass
- Well defined capsulated mass with firm grey white c/s
- Fibroma

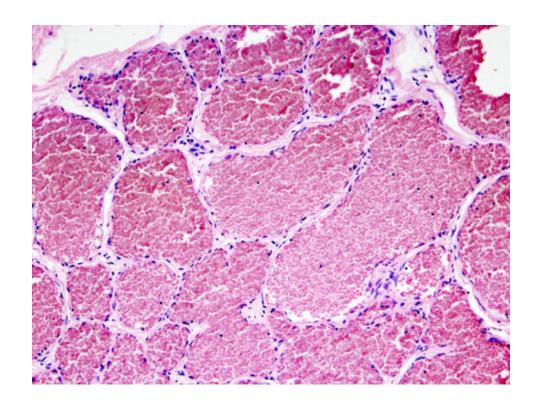


capsule

- Liver
- The liver shows a well defined non capsulated mass with soft dark brown c/s
- Cavernous hemangioma, liver



- Tumor
- Section in tumor formed of proliferated wide vascular spaces lined by benign endothelial cells and filled with excess blood
- Cavernous hemangioma



## 3- Benign miscellaneous tumors

- Cystic mass
- A cystic mass showing a dermoid ridge with hair tufts. Teeth are also seen.
- Benign cystic teratoma.







## Test yourself

